

The Customer as Variable Resource

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A global company

\$28 billion sales in 2010

37% of sales in new economies

100,000+ people in 100+

countries

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with a strong US presence

+28,000 US employees

28 US manufacturing facilities

committed to innovation

4-5% of sales devoted to R&D



9%

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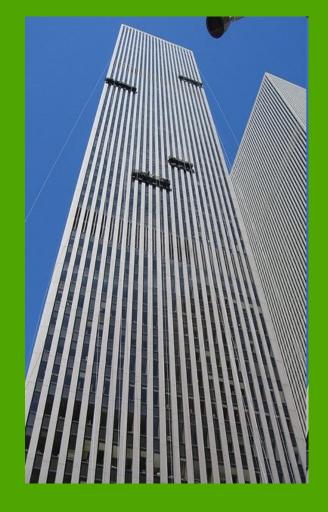
Phoenix, AZ, Dec 5-8, 2011

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Residential



Project 1:Learning the Customer



Commercial Building Facts:

- Historic McGraw Hill Bulding
- Location: Mid Manhattan NY
- Peak Load: 12.5+ MW
- Size: 49 stories plus 4 sub floors
- Tenants: Residential, Data Center, Restaurants, Commercial Offices
- Building Automation System TAC Continuum
- DR Initially enrolled for 600KW in NYISO ICAP demand response program through an aggregator



Initial Project Goals

- Reduce Operation Expenses via reductions in Electric Energy spend
- Run experimental DR programs on their own to reap basic building efficiency benefits in addition to responding to NYISO programs and events
- To increase NYISO Demand Response Capacity from 600KW to 900KW through improved monitoring of energy systems and more reliable control strategies
- Prepare building for:
 - Real Time Pricing participation
 - Day Ahead, Emergency and Ancillary Services DR participation (in addition to the ICAP DR program)
- Apply strategy to other RGDC buildings throughout the US



- Upgrade Control System
- Recommissioned common area HVAC controls, drives and lighting systems
- BAS "scripts" developed to put building into 1 of 8 operation modes to balance comfort with the cost of energy & DR need
- BAS demand response controller installed to allow interface from BAS to DR price/settlement and event systems
- Add "energy loop" to BAS
- Continuous commissioning via analytics
- \$500K+



Project Delivery - Phases

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- Phase 1 (Q4, 2008)
 - Basic configuration, installation, upgrades to allow design goal with human operation
 - Successful test for NYSERDA grant
- Phase 2 (~Q2, 2009)
 - Semi-automated system scripts to achieve desires demand level
 - Increasingly automated response to DR event notices
 - Addition of RTP, Weather Data, and Billing Modules
 - Study tenant comfort perceptions to determine design goal
- Phase 3 (One year following Phase 2)
 - Use of operating parameters database to model automated building response to Real Time Pricing signals
 - Overall building operating strategy for maximum efficiency and lowered carbon emissions ("Let's see what she'll do!")
 - LEED Gold + certification (USGBC Pilot)



- Initial:
 - Owner's capital funding
 - NYSERDA grant (\$180,000)
- Ongoing:
 - NYISO ICAP Demand Response (\$120K/MW/yr)
 - Energy usage savings (*approx \$50K/mo)
 - Demand savings



Benefits Delivered

- DR registration increased from 600KW to 900KW with another 500KW found to qualify for NYSERDA funding (total of 1.4MW)
- Use of DR techniques to reshape demand curve to avoid new demand charges and ultimately negotiate a better supply contract
- Provide positive cash flow in terms of:
 - Reduced KWHR (*approx \$500K/yr)
 - Reduced KW demand
 - Improved DR load available which can be submitted
- New cash flow funded an upgraded BAS
- Process also made building more profitable, more efficient and more attractive to prospective tenants.
- Results showed that building can take as easily as shed



Project 2: Bending Standards to Your Will

Collegeo

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Project Facts:

- Test DR role in mitigating effects of renewables for CEC and PG&E
- Participants: LBNL, SMCCCD, Schneider, Akuacom/Honeywell
- Participating Load: CSM campus of SMCCCD
 - Highly automated energy control system
 - Highly varied load attributes
- Automated shed/load strategies
- Push notices for rapid ramp up/down



Pilot Parameters

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- May-Oct, 2011, Mon-Sun, 24X7
- Auto DR Communications and Technology
- Real Time Telemetry
- Push Sequence for rapid ramp up/down
- Response in "Seconds"
- Ramp within 5 minutes
- Max of 5 calls, minimum duration 2 hours



- Load Shed during afternoon hours
- Load Take during Early Morning Hours
- Feedback and Adjustment Loop Based on Rock Center Model
- Rapid Response to Event Signaling





Process Steps

- Define "Push" messages
 - Firewall Issues
 - Rapid Polling Test
- Define initial and supplemental response scripts
- Global vs Local facility actions
 - Device control vs EMS control
 - Inherited programming but adjusted for local specifics
 - Maintain system integrity or allow local override
 - Critical zones excluded
 - Avoid ASHRAE Title 24 Violations
 - Conflict Lockout
- Rapid Response to Event Signaling
- Establish Feedback loop





- Two months to commission
- Staff engagement and training
- Real vs. Coincident Issues
 - Noise
 - Hot spot complaints
 - Blown duct
 - "Say WHAT?!! Not with my firewall, you won't!"
- Transference to Commercial enterprise
 - ROI
 - Staff disruption





Preliminary Results

- Rapid polling rates are a good proxy for Push signals
 - Overcomes firewall/security issues
- Latency from servers to EMS to controlled devices 1-2ms



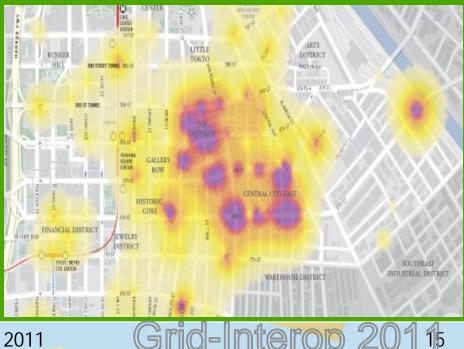




Next?

- LBNL Full Report
- Add meter data loop to EMS for self correction
- Full Season Participation next summer
- Fine tune business processes
 - Diminished polling rates
 - Expanded customer segments
 - Targeted DR Program with ConEd









Thank you!



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