



Maturity Models 101

Based on the paper "A Primer for Applying Maturity Models to Smart Grid Security, Resilience, and Interoperability"

by

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Grid-Interop 2012

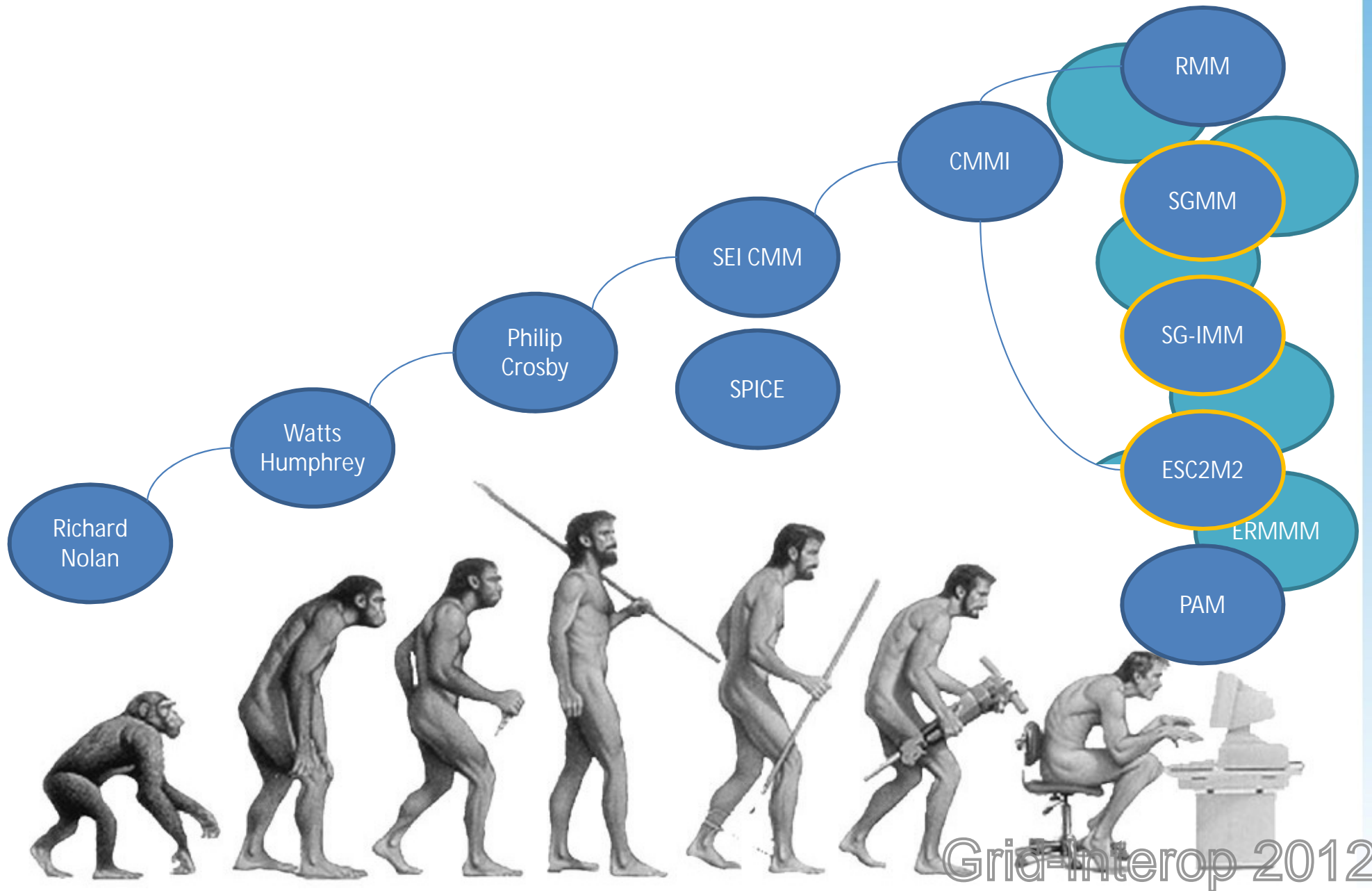
Smart Grid Drivers

- Smart Grid is relevant to the entire energy infrastructure from generation to consumption.
- The nature of connectivity of devices and systems in smart grid applications requires the alignment of many stakeholders.
- Given the great number of parties involved, efforts are progressing to provide an open, standards based, framework for the integration of devices and services.
- Includes both technical and cognitive abilities.
- Must optimize technical, social, political, and organizational factors that impact system to system performance across multiple parties

What is a Maturity Model

- In its simplest form, a maturity model is a set of characteristics, attributes, indicators, or patterns that represent progression and achievement in a particular domain or discipline.
- Architecturally, maturity models typically have “levels” along an evolutionary scale that defines measurable transitions from one level to another.
- Having measurable transition states between the levels enables an organization to use the scaling to
 - define its current state
 - determine its future, more “mature” state
 - identify the attributes it must attain to reach that future state
- For a maturity model to be effective and have impact, the “measurable transitions” between levels should be based on empirical data that has been validated in practice.

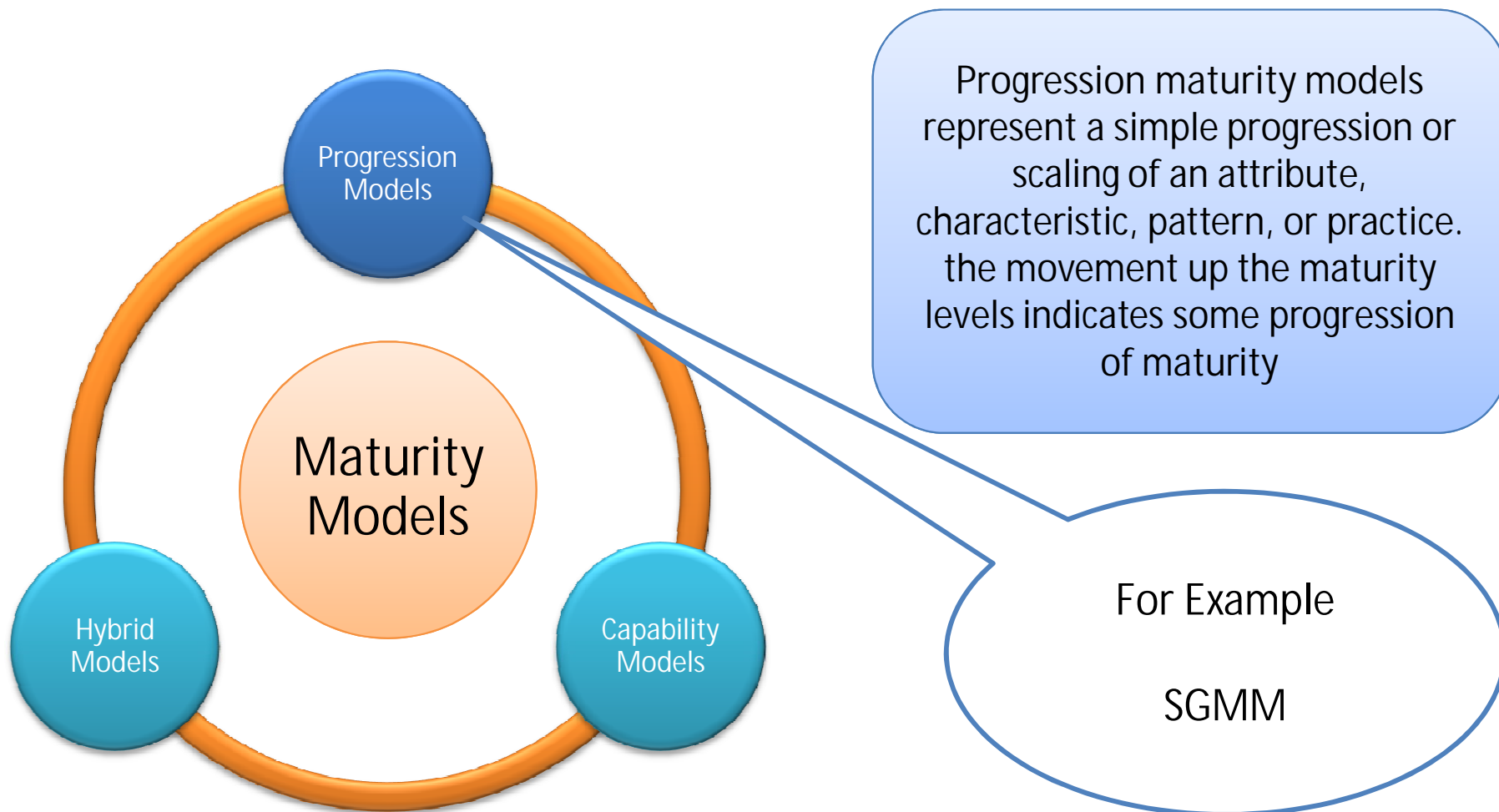
The Evolutionary Process



Benefits of Maturity Models

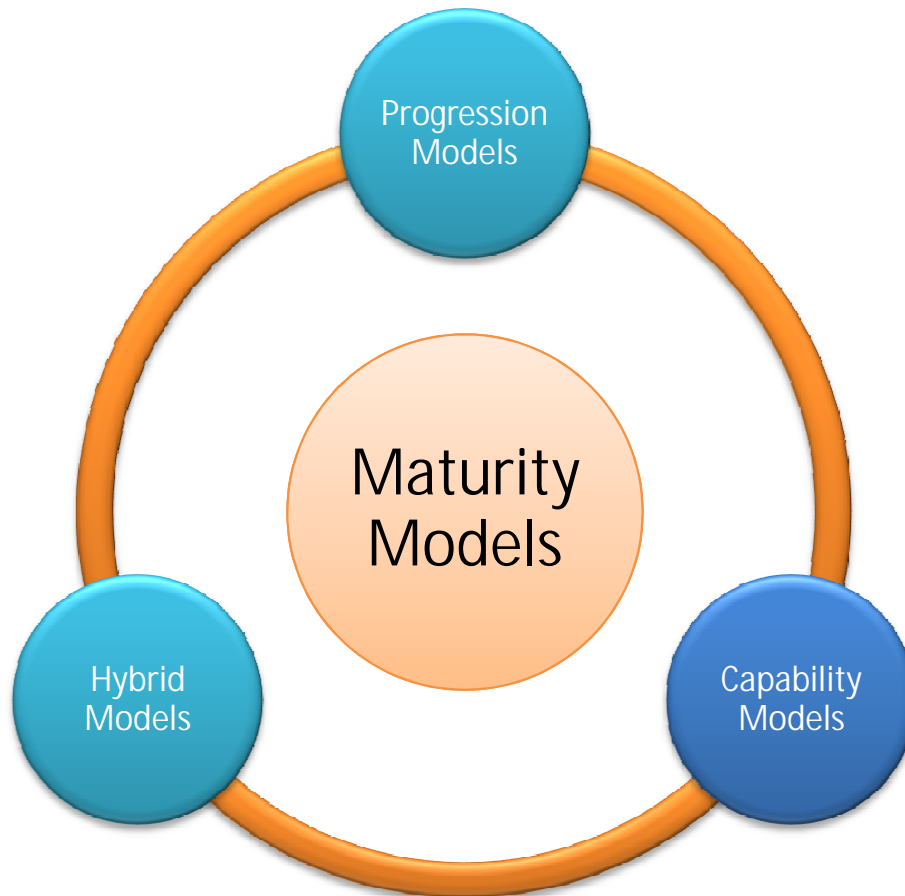
- Benchmark internal performance
 - organizations can determine where they are in their improvement journey and set targets for future investments in performance improvement
- Catalyze performance improvement
 - over a period of time, organizations can use the model as the basis for continuous performance improvement
- Catalyze improvements in community performance
 - organizations can not only compare their performance against peer organizations but also determine a “community” performance profile
- Create and evolve a common language
 - create a consistent way of thinking and communicating about a domain that is embodied in model language or taxonomy

Types of Models - Progression



pencil and paper ⇒ abacus ⇒ calculator ⇒ computer

Types of Models - Capability

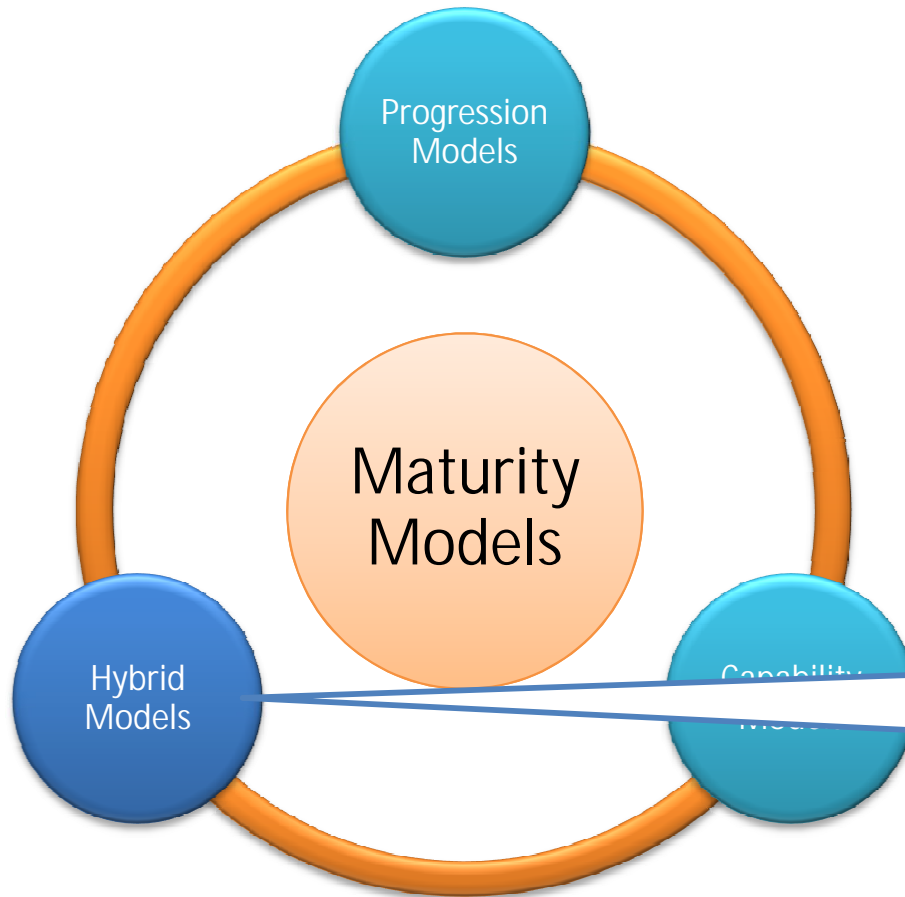


A unique application of the maturity model concept. In a capability maturity model, the dimension that is being measured is a representation of organizational capability around a set of attributes, characteristics, patterns, or practices.

For Example
CMMI
CERT-RMM

ad hoc ➡ managed ➡ defined ➡ quantitatively managed ➡ optimized

Types of Models - Hybrid



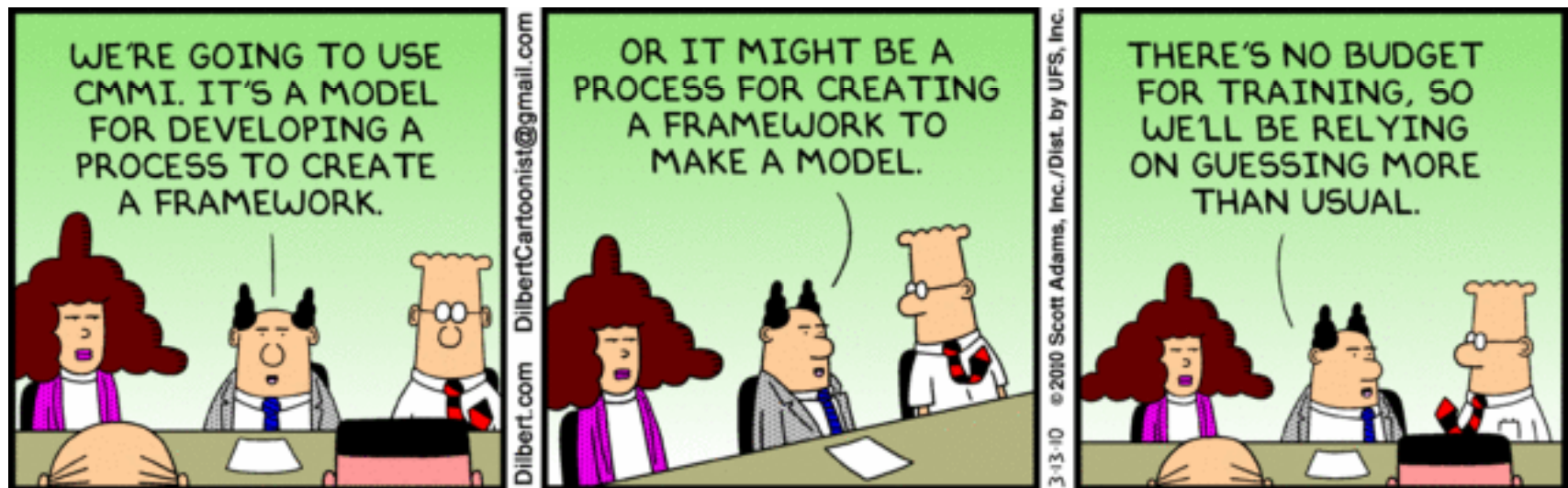
A hybrid maturity model can be created by overlaying characteristics of the progressive model with capability attributes from capability maturity models.

For Example

- SG-IMM
- ESC2M2

Useful for focusing on specific subject matter to assess maturity from the perspective of how well standards & best practices have been included into an organization's capabilities.

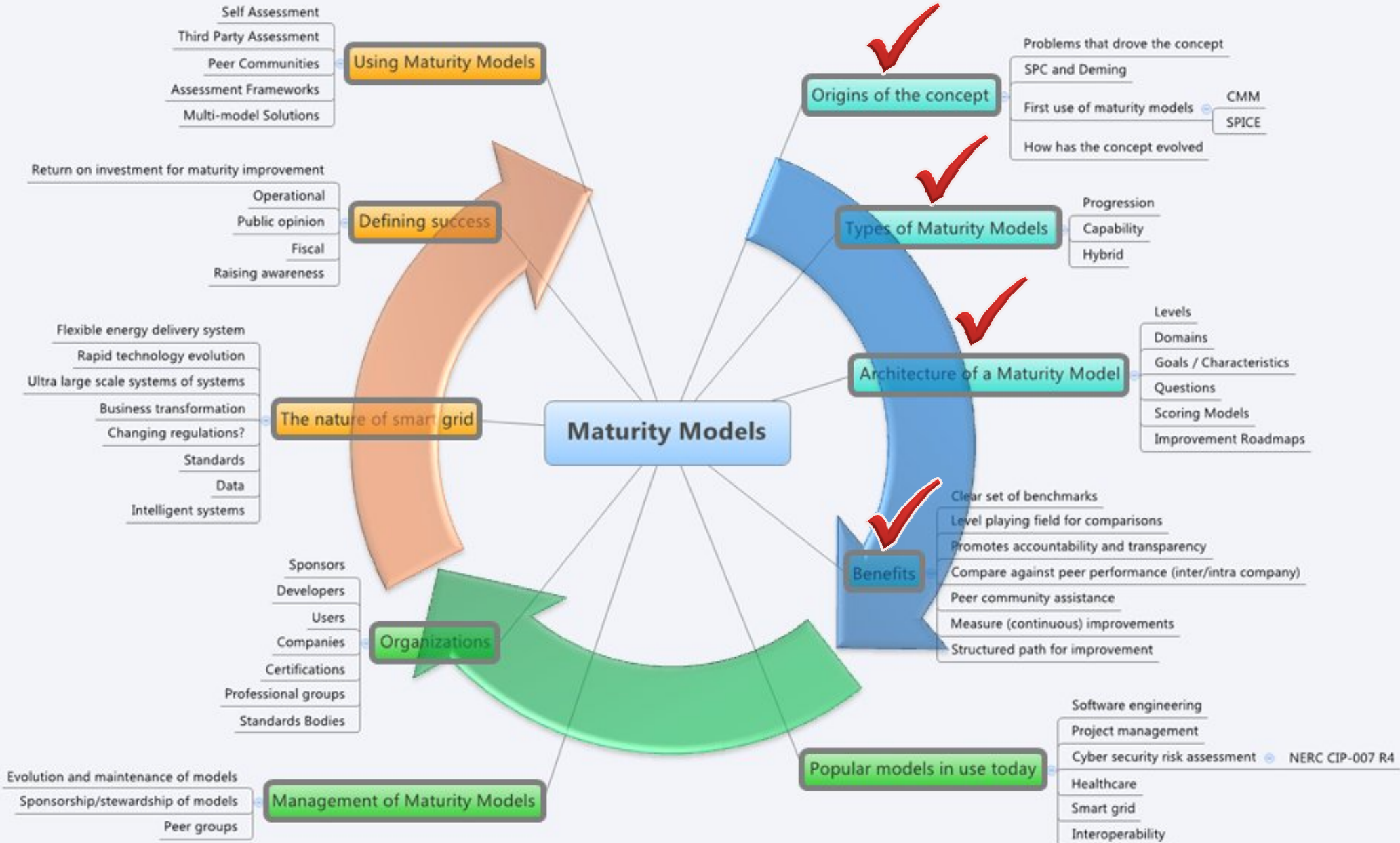
Types of Models - Capability



Essential Components

- Levels
 - may describe a progressive step or plateau, or an expression of capability or other attribute that can be measured by the model
- Model Domains
 - a means for grouping like attributes into an area of importance for the subject matter
- Attributes
 - typically based on observed practice, standards, or other expert knowledge
- Appraisal and Scoring Methods
 - developed to facilitate assessment using the model to ensure consistency of appraisals and a common standard for measurement
- Improvement Roadmaps
 - prescribed methods for identifying an improvement scope, diagnosing current state, and then planning and implementing improvement and verifying that it has occurred

Moving Forward

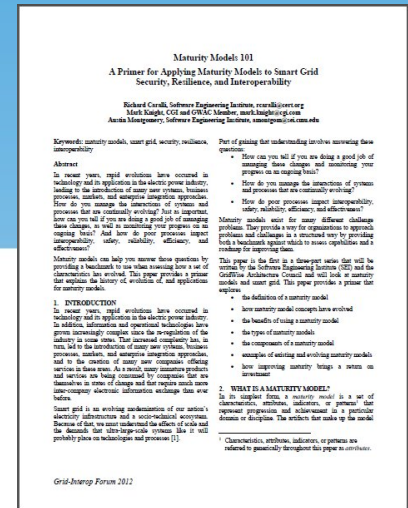




Driving to Grid 2020

Thank You

“A Primer for Applying Maturity Models to Smart Grid Security, Resilience, and Interoperability”



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SG-IMM

An Introduction to the GWAC Smart Grid
Interoperability Maturity Model

Agenda

- What is a Maturity Model? ✓
- What is Interoperability?
- What Domains, Attributes, or Framework can we use to assess maturity?
- The structure of the SG-IMM

What is "Fast"?



What is Interoperability?

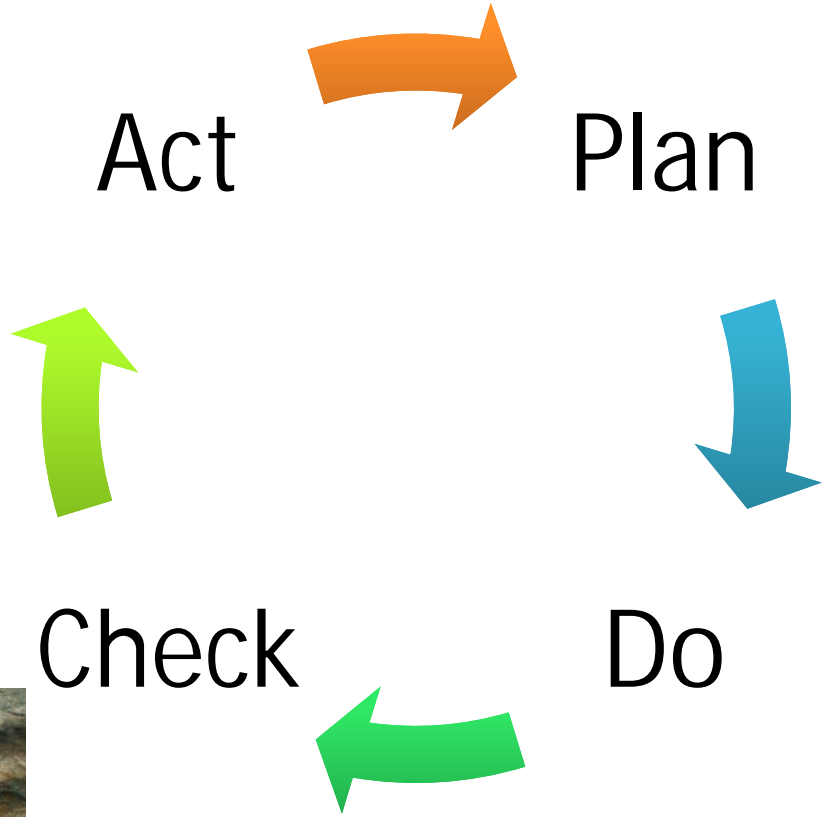
- Interoperability is a measurable property of diverse entities that allows them to work together across technical, social, political, and organizational boundaries.
- Higher levels of interoperability maturity among diverse entities results in lower integration costs, faster connection of the entities and fewer operating problems once connected and communicating.
- “The capability of two or more networks, systems, devices, applications, or components to exchange information between them and to use the information so exchanged”
 - Interop framework, referenced from “EICTA Interoperability White Paper”, European Industry Association, Information Systems Communication Technologies Consumer Electronics, 21 June 2004.

Interoperability Maturity Model

- The Smart Grid Interoperability Maturity Model (SG-IMM) provides a measurable model for determining the interoperability capabilities of the interfaces between various entities in the electric power system.
- It is a crucial step towards defining metrics for determining the current quality and levels of interoperability among interacting entities.
- It identifies areas for improvement and provides a roadmap for how to make incremental improvements in the interface, and standards and their application (if applicable).
- **Interface**
 - (n) a common boundary or interconnection between systems, equipment, concepts, or human beings
 - (v) to bring together; connect or mesh

The Path Is a Spiral

Advancing interoperability is a process improvement problem



As our electric world evolves, sustaining progress requires a culture change



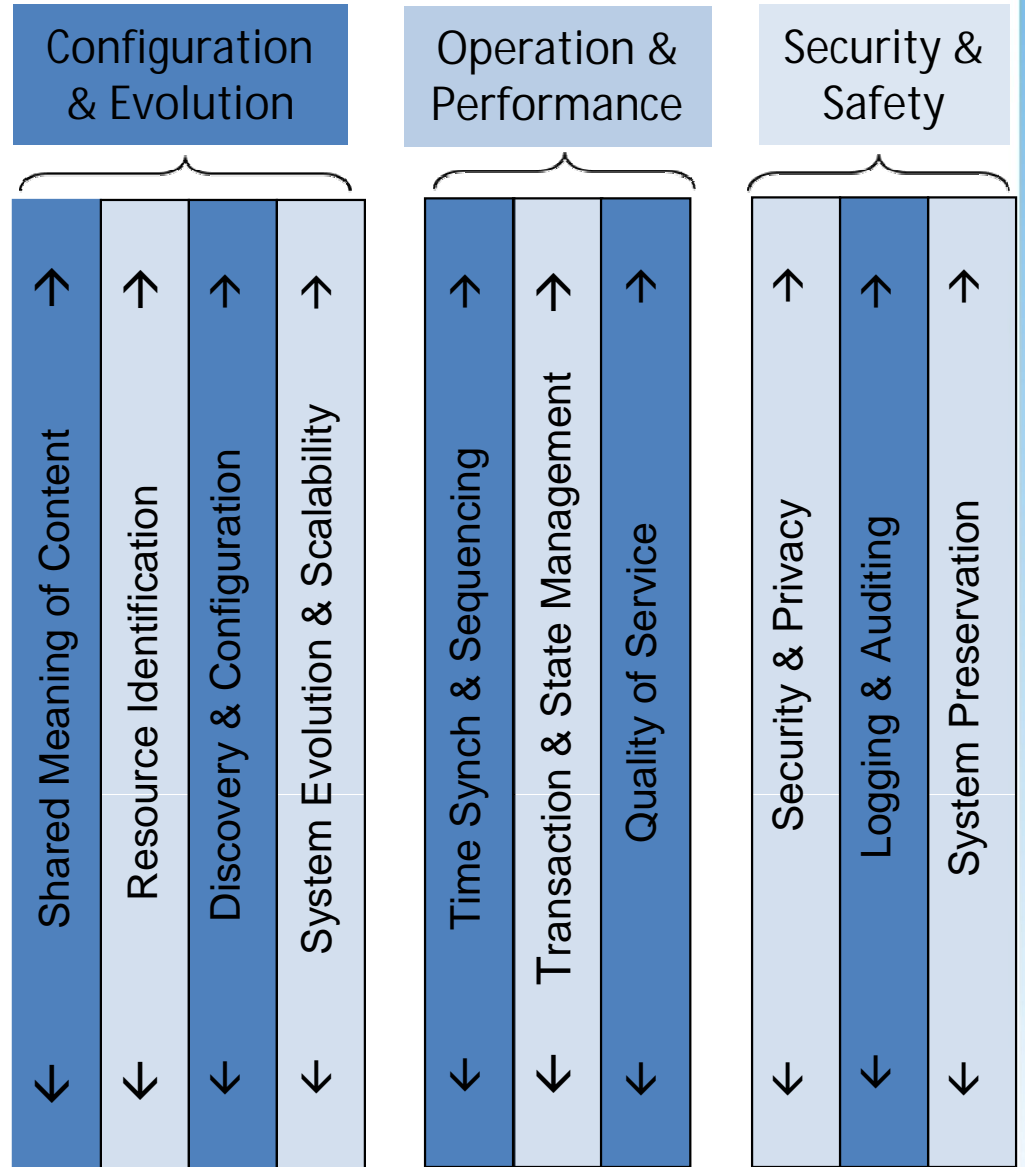
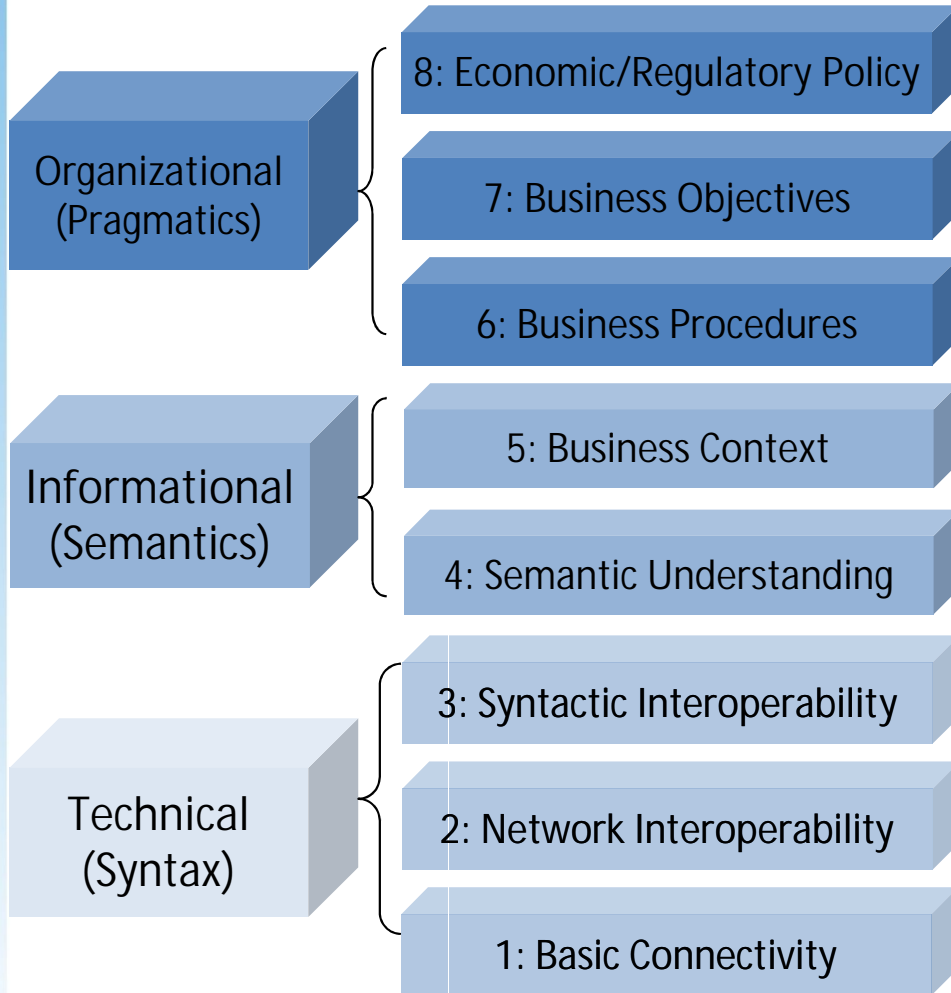
A Maturity Model for Interoperability

- Interoperability questions for a community/ecosystem
 - How well do participating systems integrate?
 - Which interfaces need the most improvement?
 - What areas of the interface deserve the most attention?
- What should an interoperability maturity model (IMM) accomplish?
 - Offer gap identification and guidance for improving interoperability
 - Provide a means for measuring interoperability progress in a community
 - Encourage a standards-based interoperability-aware culture with individual and shared roadmaps for improvement
 - Be both descriptive and prescriptive

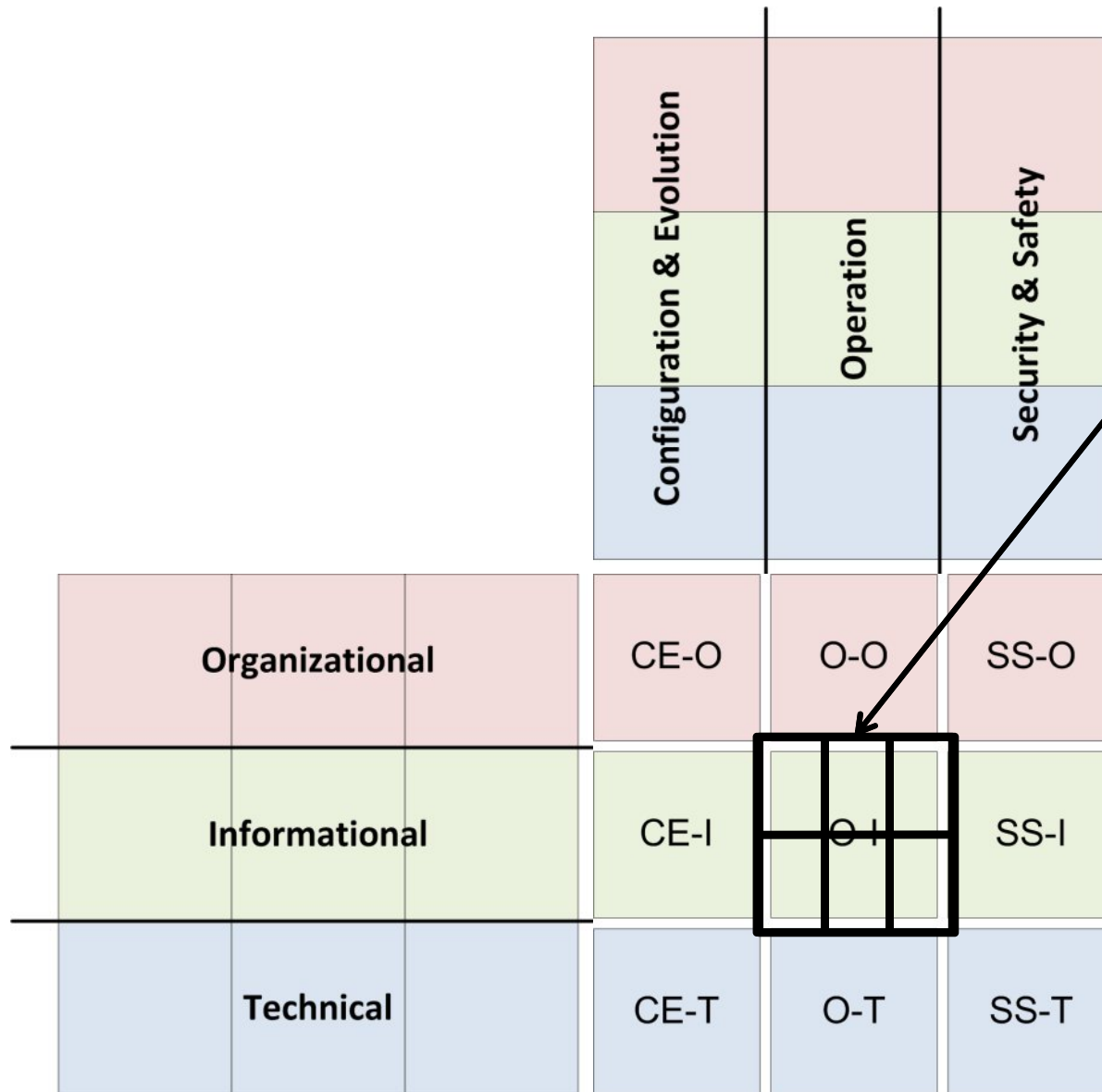
Context-setting Framework

Cross-cutting Issues

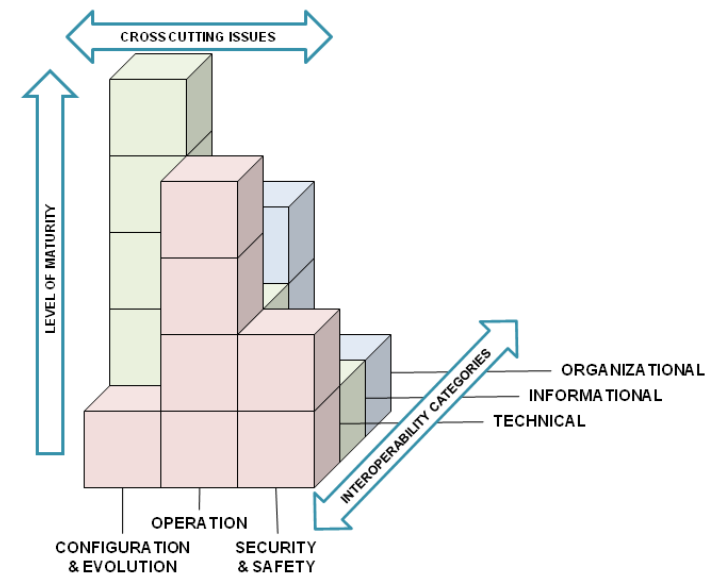
Interoperability Categories

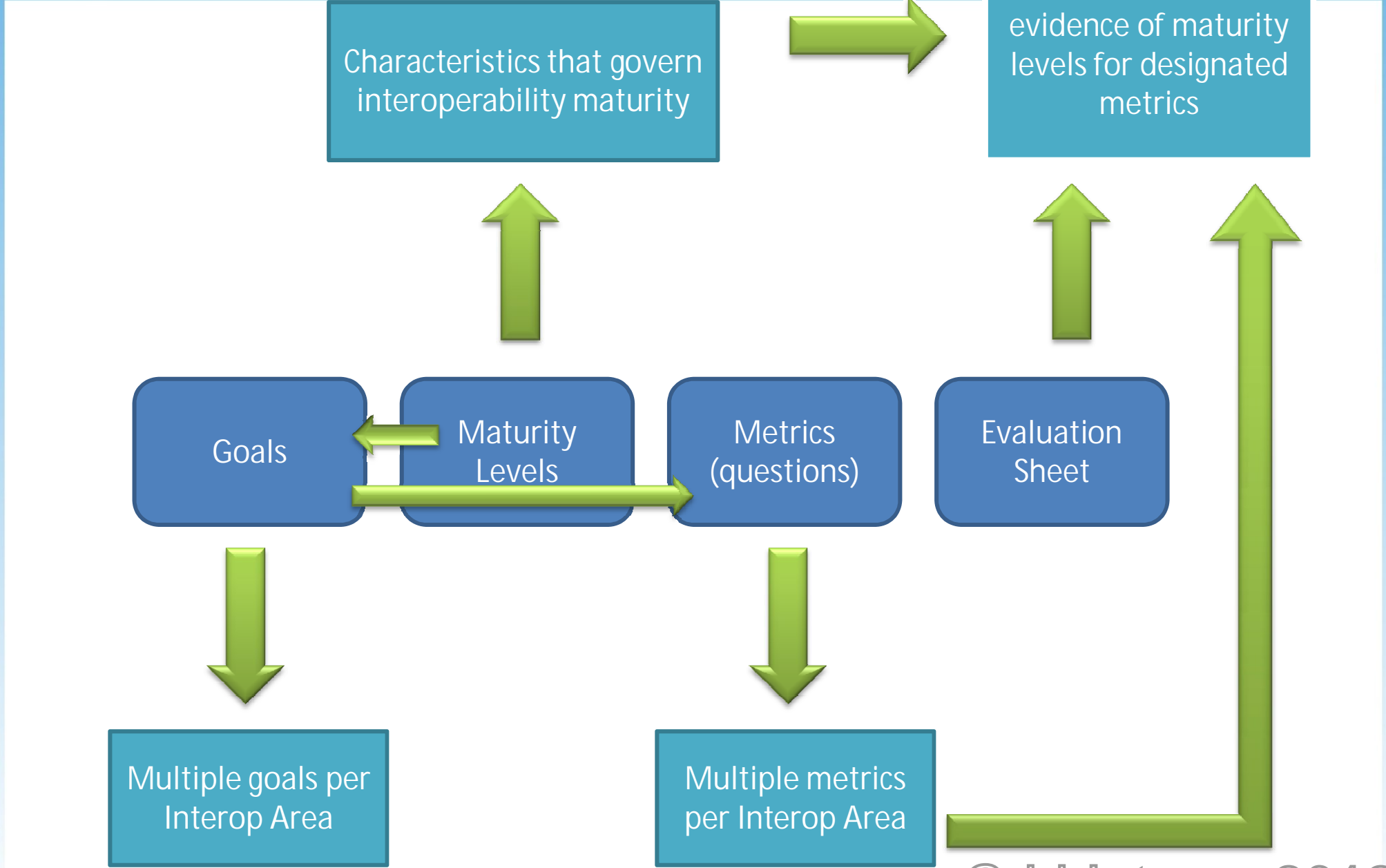


GWAC Stack and X-Cutting Issues



The intersection of a Context Setting Domain and a Cross Cutting Domain forms an Interoperability Area.







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OP	Goal	Maturity Level	Metrics (questions)	Evaluation Sheet
OP1-01, 04, OP3-01	Governance policy for time, scheduling, time synchronization, time order dependency and sequencing, is specified.
OP1-06, 07	Time, scheduling, time synchronization, time order dependency, and sequencing requirements and mechanisms are specified to support the business processes.
OP5-06, 07	Performance and reliability expectations are specified consistent with the business processes supported across interface boundaries.

Goals

Maturity Levels

Metrics (questions)

Evaluation Sheet

OP1-01, 04, OP3-01: Governance policy for time, scheduling, time synchronization, time order dependency and sequencing, is specified.

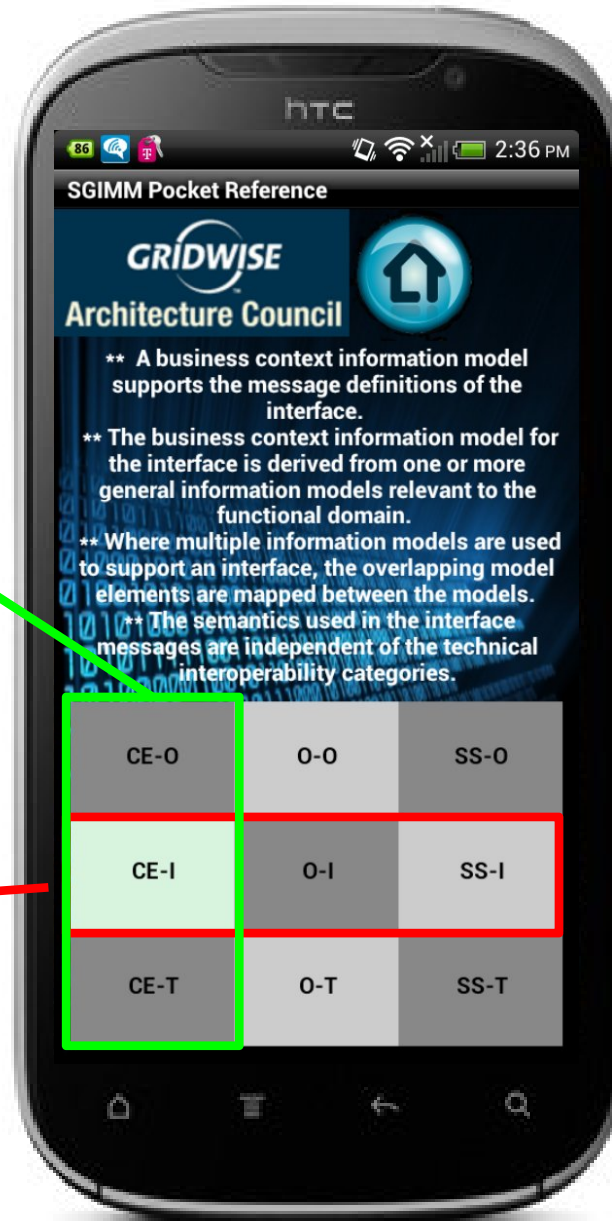
OP1-06, 07: Time, scheduling, time synchronization, time order dependency, and sequencing requirements and mechanisms are specified to support the business processes.

OP5-06, 07: Performance and reliability expectations are specified consistent with the business processes supported across interface boundaries.

SG-IMM Pocket Reference

Configuration & Evolution

Informational





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GWAC SG IMM Team

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- Andreas Tolk, Old Dominion University
- Steve Widergren, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory



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A yellow sticky note pinned to a white background with a green pushpin. The note contains text about attending a workshop. Two cartoon spotlights on tripods illuminate the note from the bottom corners, and two cartoon spotlights are positioned at the top corners. The text on the note is as follows:

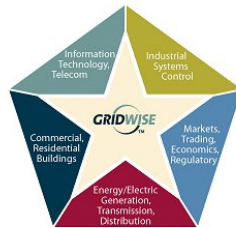
To Do List

**#1 Attend
SGIMM
Workshop at
Grid Interop
Thursday 1:30 to**

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Smart Grid Interoperability Maturity Model

Beta PNNL-20965



Smart Grid Interoperability Maturity Model Beta Version

Prepared by

The GridWise Architecture Council

December 2011

[About this Document](#)

The GridWise Architecture Council was formed by the U.S. Department of Energy to promote and enable *interoperability* among the many entities that interact with the electric power system. This balanced team of industry representatives proposes principles for the development of interoperability concepts and standards. The Council provides industry guidance and tools that make it an available resource for smart grid implementations. In the spirit of advancing interoperability of an ecosystem of smart grid devices and systems, this document presents a model for evaluating the maturity of the artifacts and processes that specify the agreement of parties to collaborate across an information exchange interface. You are expected to have a solid understanding of large, complex system integration concepts and experience in dealing with software component interoperation. Those without this technical background should read the *Executive Summary* for a description of the purpose and contents of the document. Other documents, such as checklists, guides, and whitepapers, exist for targeted purposes and audiences. Please see the www.gridwiseac.org website for more products of the Council that may be of interest to you.



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Questions

