

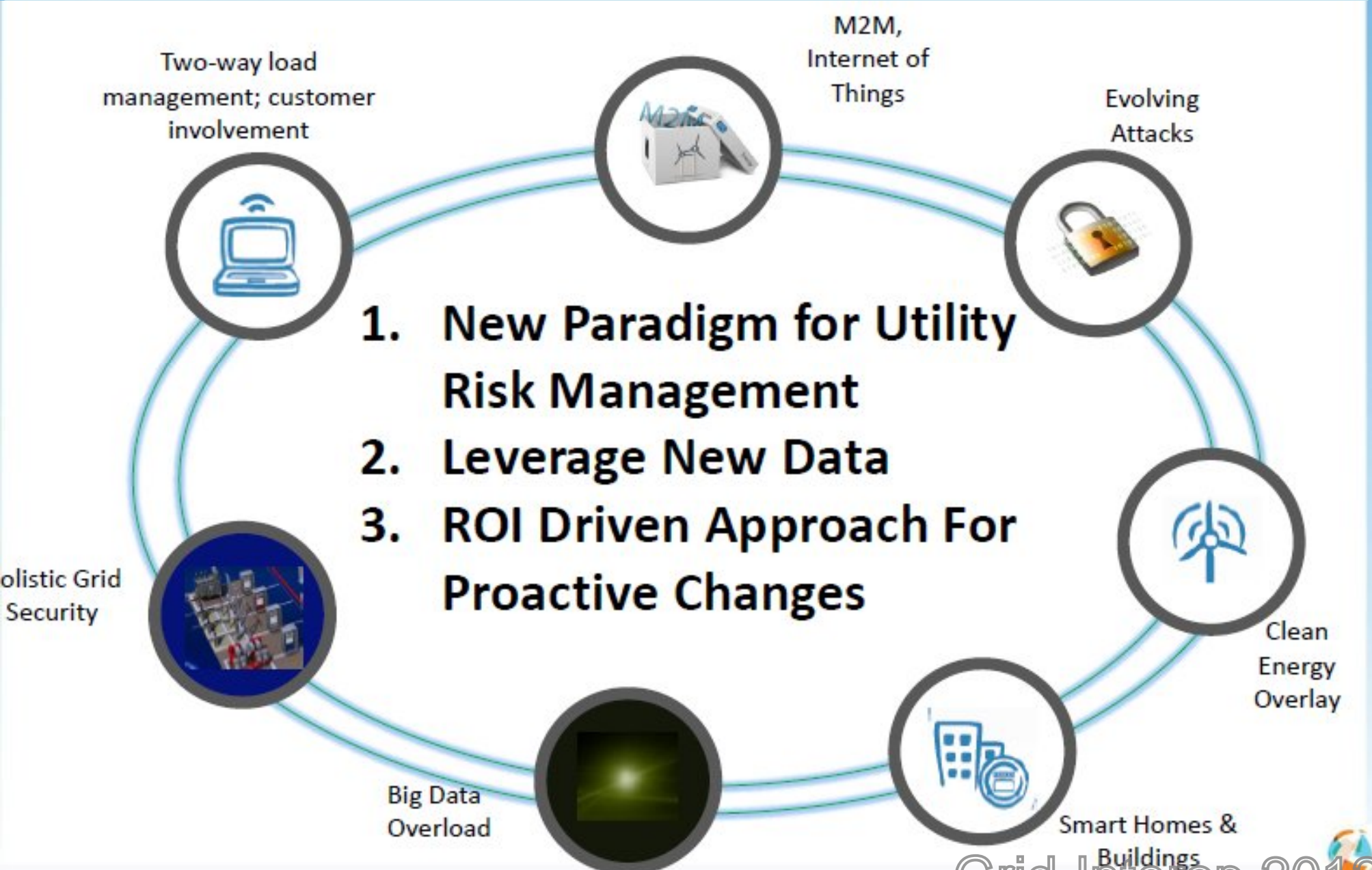


Improving ROI on Big Data through Formal Security
and Efficiency Risk Management for interoperating
OT and IT systems

Partha Datta Ray
CTO, Albeado Inc.
partha.dattaray@albeado.com

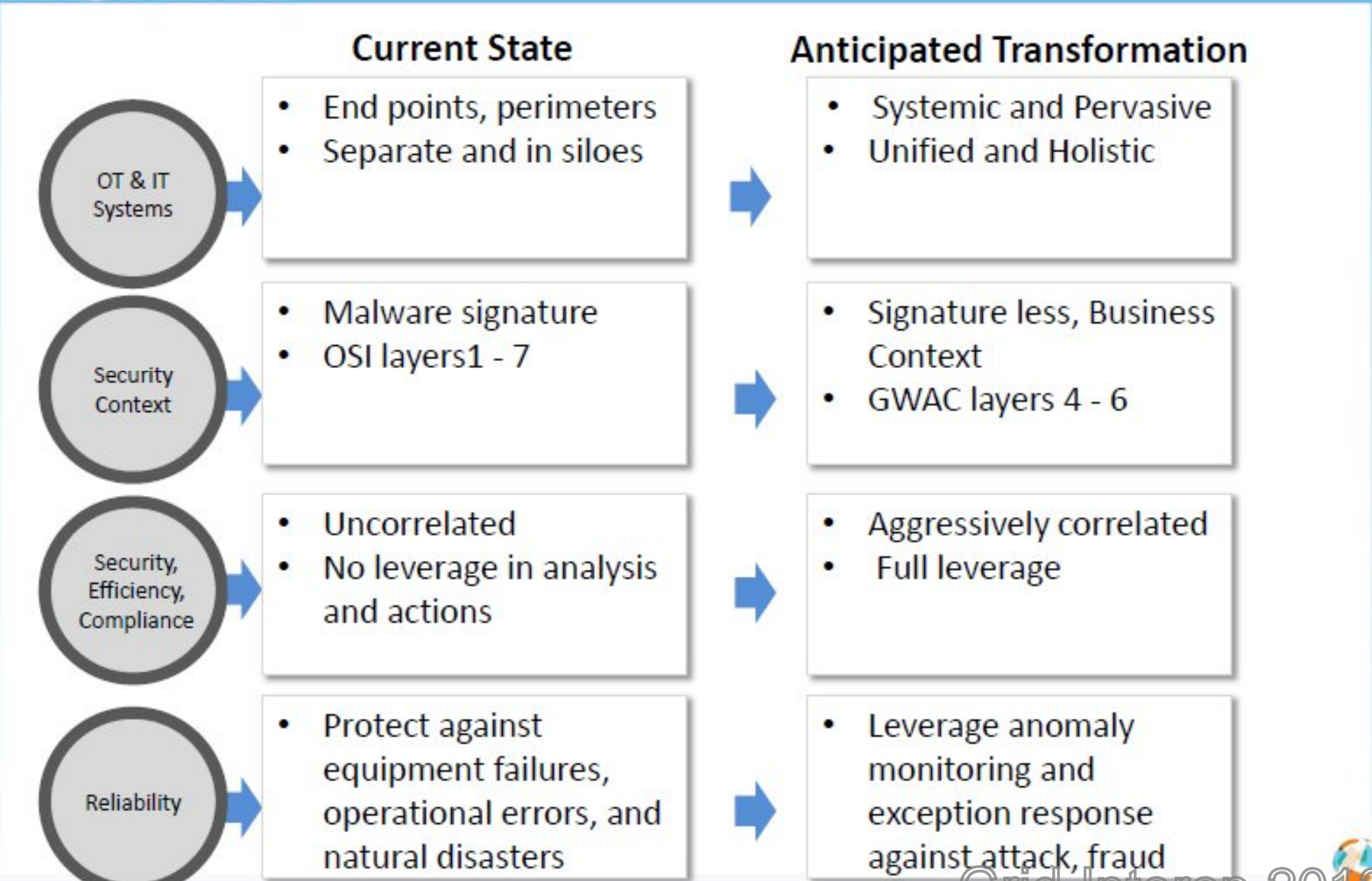


- Background
- Changing Security Landscape
- Interconnected OT & IT
- Addressing Interconnected OT & IT Threats
- Distributed & Pervasive Security Model
- ROI Analysis & Metrics
- Conclusion



Changing Security Landscape

Big Data & The New Paradigm

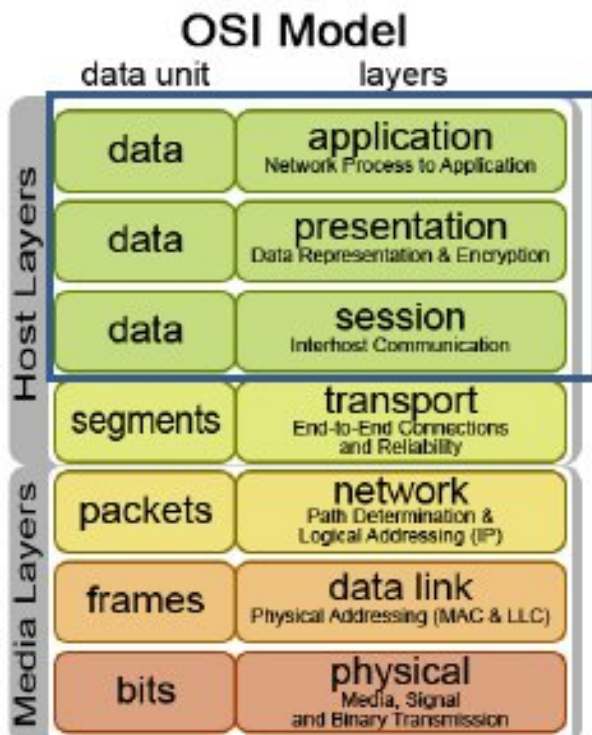




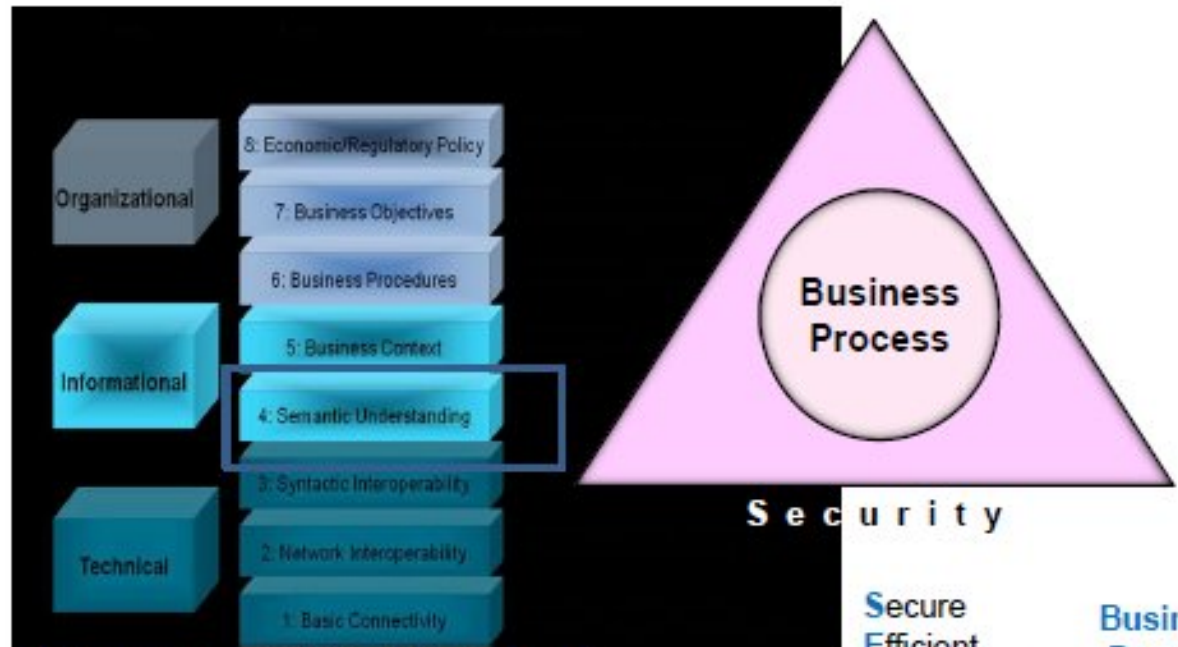
Driving to Grid 2020

Interconnected OT & IT Now a necessity

- Integration of IT and OT(Operational Technology) systems is a requirement for leveraging Smart Grid investments.
 - Delivery of smart customer services such as outage event intelligence
 - Efficient integration of renewable sources
 - Customer energy consumption analysis and control in real time
 - Increased coordination of business activities in interlinked utility domains -



OSI Stack Source: [Wikimedia Commons/Dino.korah](#)



GWAC Stack Source: [GridWise Architectural Council](#)

Secure
Efficient
Compliance

Business
Proc

Grid-Interop 2012

A formal **Risk Management** system will be needed to make the analysis of such Big Data **manageable, scalable, and effective** by prioritizing inputs to the processes which are found to be more relevant and consequential.

Current methods

- Intrusion Detection
- Intrusion Prevention

Point or perimeter defense solutions



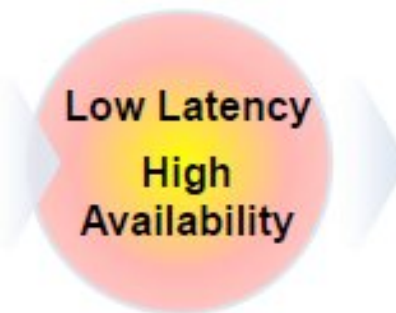
Operate at layers 1 – 7 of the Open Systems Interconnect (OSI) model

Future methods

- Current methods
- Anomaly in business context

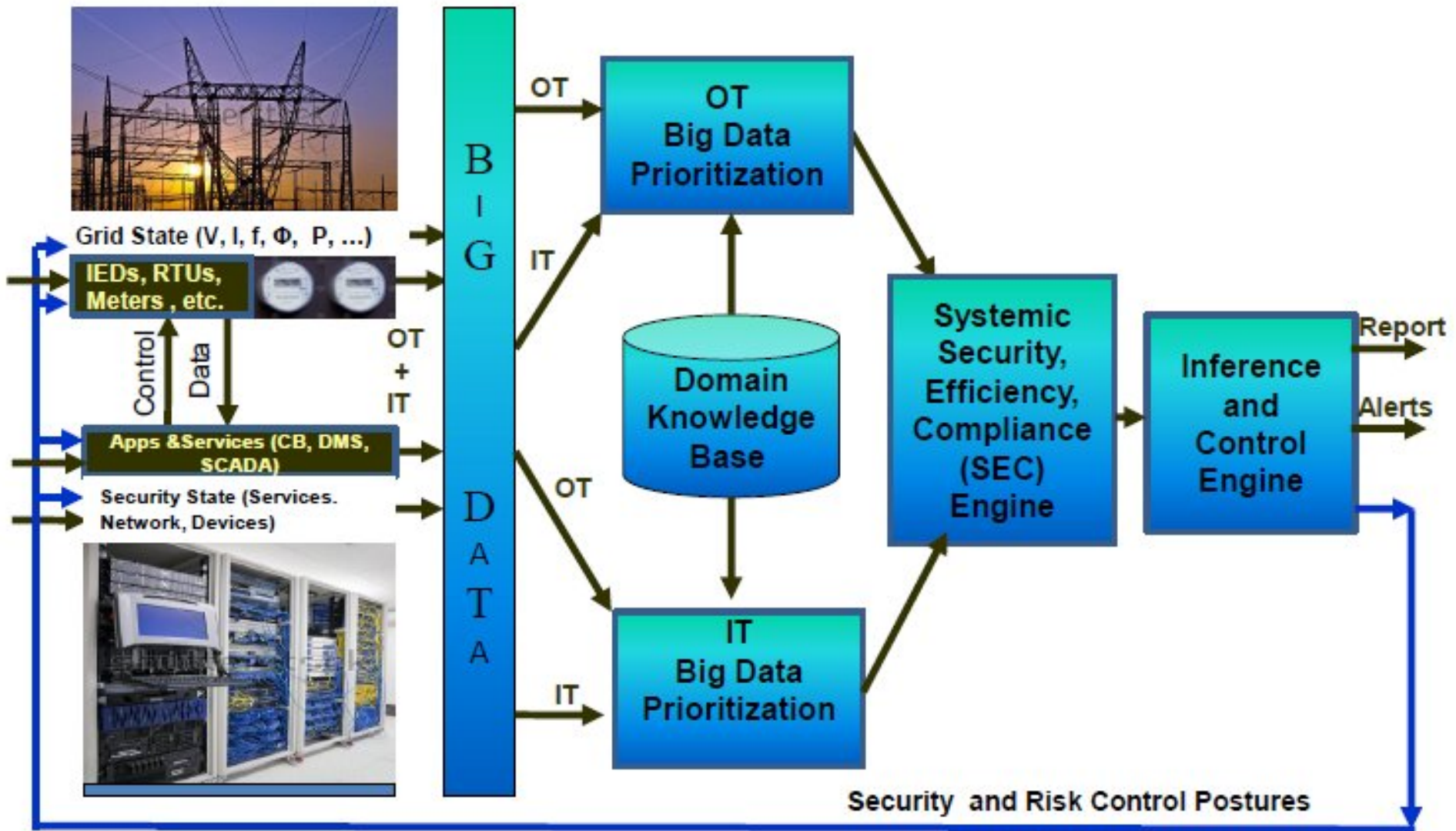
Plus

**Signature less, persistent control
Message Security**



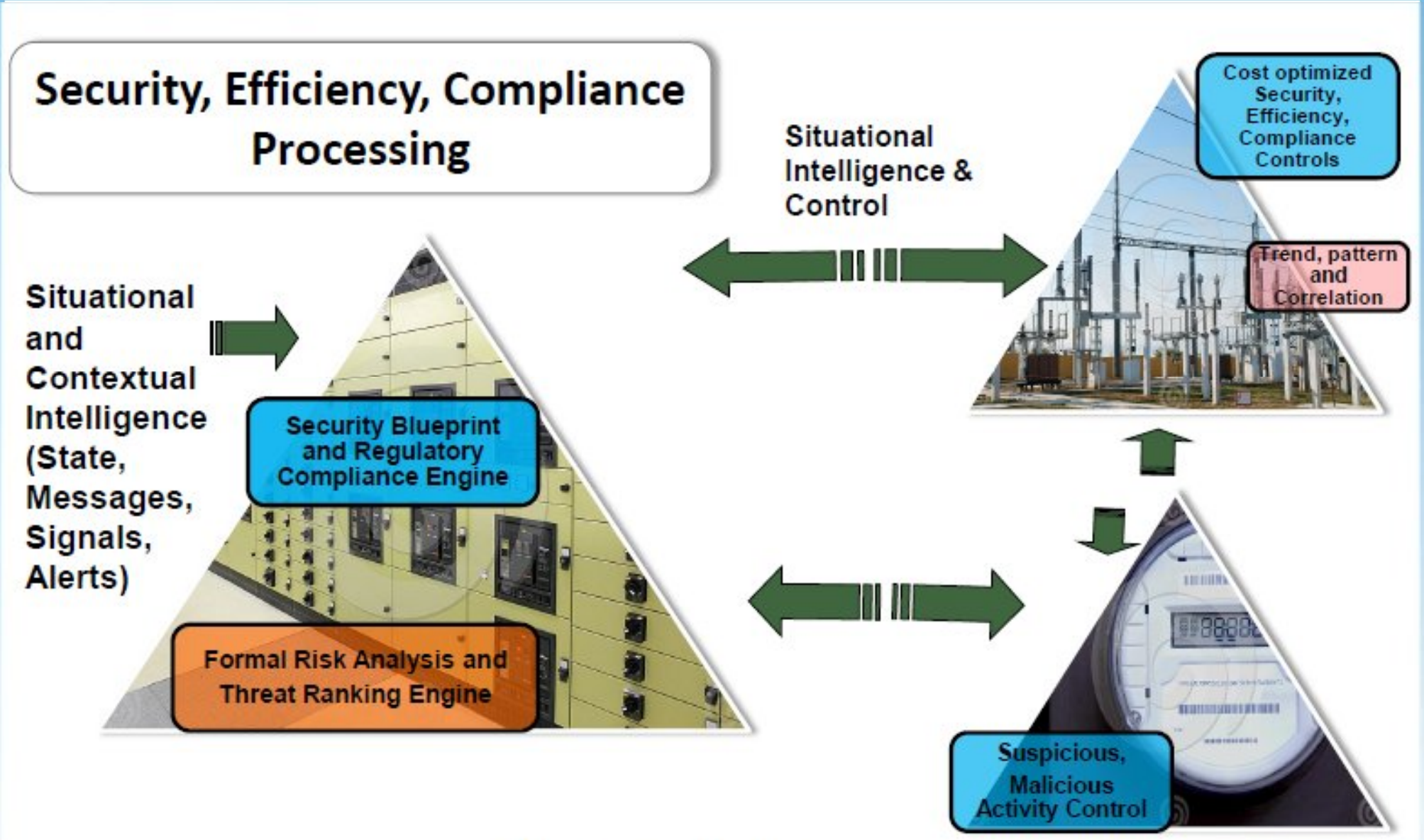
Focus on OSI layers 5-7
GWAC levels 4-8

Distributed & Pervasive Security: Collaborating, Self-similar runtimes



Albeado Confidential

Distributed & Pervasive Security: Collaborating, Self-similar runtimes



ROI Analysis & Metrics

Awareness of the new OT-IT integration requirement and a systemic way of evaluating Security, Efficiency and Compliance requirements needs to be derived.

Use cases then drive the ROI model to help prioritize the investments required.

Threat	Estimated Financial Loss	Actual Financial Loss	Estimated Posture Cost	Actual Posture Cost	Freq.
Electric Theft	Estimate	Derive	Estimate	Derive	N
Denial of Service	Estimate	Derive	Estimate	Derive	N
Meter Tamper	Estimate	Derive	Estimate	Derive	N
Water Leak	Estimate	Derive	Estimate	Derive	N
Gas Leak	Estimate	Derive	Estimate	Derive	N

ROI analysis aspect of the risk management system can guide the inference engines and decision control systems to recommend and actuate control activations.

IT and OT domains integration effectiveness will depend on

- Correlated view and analysis of IT and OT events
- Integrated Risk Management guiding big data analysis
- Consistent ROI and Risk Management metrics
- Systemic Security, Efficiency & Compliance engine